

SNYDER'S CURATIVE PADS
The Most Wonderful Health Restorers
Known to Medical Science.

CURE BY ABSORPTION.

Apply the pads to the diseased part, and the cure is effected. The pads are made of a special material, and are impregnated with a powerful medicine. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the skin, and of the internal organs. They are also used in the treatment of rheumatism, and of all other diseases of the joints. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the lungs, and of the heart. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the stomach, and of the bowels. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the bladder, and of the kidneys. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the liver, and of the gall bladder. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the spleen, and of the pancreas. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the prostate gland, and of the testicles. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the uterus, and of the ovaries. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the vagina, and of the cervix. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the breast, and of the mammae. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the skin, and of the hair. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the eyes, and of the ears. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the nose, and of the throat. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the mouth, and of the tongue. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the teeth, and of the gums. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the feet, and of the hands. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the arms, and of the legs. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the back, and of the neck. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the head, and of the face. They are used in the treatment of all diseases of the body, and of the soul.

E. F. SNYDER & CO.,
413 W. 4th St., Cincinnati, O.
Sold in Knoxville by Messrs. Hunter & Co.,
Lyons & McChesney, and leading druggists
everywhere.

Daily Chronicle

TERMS OF DAILY PAPER.
5 cents per copy, by carrier or by mail.
10 cents per copy, by mail, in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

2 lines solid Nonpareil constitute one inch.
Special rates on application for advertisements.
Local notices at one cent per line each insertion.
City notices at one cent per line each insertion.
All advertisements payable on demand after insertion.

WEEKLY PAPER.

10 cents per copy, by carrier or by mail.
20 cents per copy, by mail, in advance.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF TRAINS.

Train	Time	Station
East Tenn. Va. and Ga. Railroad.		
No. 1. Mixed Train. Leaves Bristol.	4:35 a.m.	Arrives at Knoxville.
No. 2. Mixed Train. Leaves Knoxville.	11:35 a.m.	Arrives at Bristol.
No. 3. Mixed Train. Leaves Bristol.	1:35 p.m.	Arrives at Knoxville.
No. 4. Mixed Train. Leaves Knoxville.	3:35 p.m.	Arrives at Bristol.
No. 5. Mixed Train. Leaves Bristol.	5:35 p.m.	Arrives at Knoxville.
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No. 99. Mixed Train. Leaves Bristol.	1:35 p.m.	Arrives at Knoxville.
No. 100. Mixed Train. Leaves Knoxville.	3:35 p.m.	Arrives at Bristol.

L. C. SHEPARD.

Undertaker.
Corner Maine and Walnut sts.
The finest hearse in the State!

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Advantages of Liberal Feeding.

National Live Stock Journal

If the sheep breeder's faith in the efficacy of liberality in the matter of feeding begins to falter, a walk through the pens of a first-class farm, and conversation with a few of the more successful breeders, will serve to dispel such doubts as surely as the morning sun scatters the mists from the mountain side. Size, symmetry, vigor, precocity and prolificacy depend for their perfect development upon the well filled granary and richly clothed pasture of the husbandman as surely as these and other attributes of perfection are influenced by the breeder's art. Not alone in the sheep department is this apparent. It finds emphasis in every ring, from that of the draft horse to the pigeon coop. It is demanded not only by the novice, who sees nothing beyond the graceful lines of contour, but by the expert, as well, who recognizes it as necessary to insure transmission of those virtues he seeks to reproduce and intensify in the offspring. The experienced and successful breeder recognizes no better reason for withholding food from the animals under his care than he finds for restricting the members of his household in the same direction. Given the proper kinds and variety of food, the quantity can safely be left to the instinct of the animal. If regularly supplied, no more will be taken than can be properly assimilated, while with a less quantity some detrimental result ensues. "Blood will tell," but its story will never be entirely complete unless the sources of its triumphs be laid in proximity to productive pastures and well-filled troughs.

While generous feeding is thus placed among the essentials to the highest success, the same attention to details—variety, quantity, quality, and the influence of these upon fecundity and flesh—will be required that is bestowed upon what are commonly considered the higher arts of breeding. Pampering with incongruous food, restriction to limited quarters, the creation and encouragement of a vitiated appetite, the administering of suitable food at improper hours, or improper food at any time—in short all errors of management—are as cautiously avoided by the successful breeder as would be the use of a ram possessing some objectionable peculiarity of form or fleece, even though the result of mistakes in the one should not prove so permanently disastrous as those in the other direction.

Hog Cholera.

Mr. C. W. McKay, writing to the Commissioner of Agriculture of Kentucky, says: "The subject of 'hog cholera' being one of such vast importance to the farmer of Kentucky, and through them to the prosperity of the State, I deem it my duty to add a large item in the directory of an investigation. The hog in this town and vicinity have, as elsewhere, been dying by what was termed 'cholera.' I noticed that there were not choleric symptoms in any that I saw sick, but that they drooped about for a week to a month, dying, as I believed, from inanition. I also saw several sick hogs trying to eat, but seemed to be physically unable to bite the corn from the ear, or even masticate it when shelled for them. I examined the mouth of a young hog about five months old belonging to my father, Dr. S. A. McKay, and found eight spurious teeth, situated between the front and grinders. They grew in every conceivable direction, infringing upon the tongue and teeth of the hog in its masticatory efforts. The hog was nearly dead—starved to death. I extracted them, and in twelve hours after the hog could eat. This was last Monday a week, and the cure is complete; in fact, was perfected when the dental operation was performed. Yesterday morning I extracted thirty-two teeth from four hogs—eight from each—and this morning, twenty-four hours subsequent, they are all eating, and in a week I expect them to be fat enough to kill as shoats. The four mentioned were drooping, about, would not in-deed could not eat corn, and very little slop. Believing that my discovery—for so I must needs call it, having never heard or read of anything relative to it—is worthy of notice and dissemination throughout the State, I enclose you specimens I extracted, and if you think as I do, you can give this to the public. The dark or discolored portion of the teeth is the part seen above the gum."

Turkeys.

It does not cost any more, or much more, to raise a pound of turkey than a pound of hen flesh. In the summer they require to be fed less, being masterly campaigners on their own account, while in the winter very likely their nervous disposition demands somewhat more stimulus than other fowls. If well fed, they do not require nearly as careful housing as the hen, although it is good policy to make them roost in-doors; but left to themselves, they prefer to weather out the wildest storm in the tree-tops. Finally, when brought to market, their flesh is worth much more than that of the hen, so that, other things being equal, it is economy to keep them instead. Also that it is worth considering, allowing that the percentage of loss of young turkey chicks under the most perfect management is greater than the loss of the common fowl, still turkeys that survive reach a great weight that a given number of pounds of turkey may, perhaps, be raised with less labor than the same quantity of fowl of the common fowls.

Dry Cows.

Monthly Jersey Bulletin.

It is a common practice among some dairymen to give their cows, while

dry, but scanty living. When a cow ceases to give milk, or is dried up, any food is considered good enough for her. I think this is a great mistake, and the result is a diminished product of milk, both in quantity and quality, when she does come in. There is a large draft on the system to sustain the calf while the cow is carrying it, and to keep the cow in good condition good feed is as important as when she is giving milk. It is my opinion that \$1 worth of food when the cow is dry is worth \$1.50 worth after she comes in. An animal in poor condition can not digest as much food as an animal in good condition. If the cow is poor when she comes in she will not digest enough food to support the system and, at the same time, to make a large quantity of milk.

Clover as a Fertilizer.

There is a farmer in Massachusetts who is noted for the excellence of his corn crops, and he says his plan has been for years to sow clover on one-third part of his plowland and let the clover grow and remain uncut through the entire season, plowing it under late the next season, and planting corn upon it, and he says experience has shown him that this clover with its vast amount of roots, is fully equal to twenty-five loads of manure per acre. Then he takes another third-part and proceeds in the same way.

Storing Crops.

It is often the case that farmers lose the rewards of their labor from carelessness in storing their corn crops. Corn is packed in large bulk, when it is sure to heat and be damaged. Potatoes which should be fully dry, are packed away wet and sobby in damp cellars. Pumpkins, which should be thickly covered with straw, are left uncovered to be frozen. Thoughtfulness and care are necessary in storing crops as in making them.

The Southern Railroad Mail Route.

Washington Special to the Cincinnati Commercial. Blanks will be forwarded at once to the Cincinnati Southern Railroad Company from the Postoffice Department asking for precise distances, location of towns along the route, etc. The data is wanted to enable the Department to extend the railway mail service from Somerset to Chattanooga. There will be no difficulty whatever in getting the service extended. Two additional route agents will be appointed, but these appointments will be made from Tennessee. About 100 applications are already on file.

ATTENTION REPUBLICANS.

Call for a Meeting of the Knox County Republican Executive Committee. The Knox County Republican Executive Committee are requested to meet at the court house, in Knoxville, on Monday, the 20th day of December, 1879, at 12 o'clock m., for organization. G. L. MALONEY, E. W. ADKINS, J. M. FORD, JAS. R. JOHNSON, M. A. WALKER, W. A. MURPHY.

Following is a list of the committee:

A. W. Rose, V. F. Guesnet, Andrew Kidd, W. M. Fitzgerald, William Goodman, E. W. Adkins, Robert Kennedy, M. M. Harris, Chas. E. Champlain, Gideon McCampbell, Chesley Jarnagin, Byron Borton, W. A. Murphy, J. M. Clapp, H. L. W. Myrnat, Jno. H. Myrnat, John Leslie, Jno. Conner, Wm. Nebert, Curt Cox, Wm. McClellan, W. B. Bishop, Hardie Brown, Leonard Herron, Nelson Callaway, J. M. Swan, H. M. Harvey, H. B. Taylor, Jacob Barger, G. L. Maloney, J. K. Loner, D. R. Camuela, Wm. Bradley, J. R. Johnson, James Tipton, M. A. Walker, J. M. Ford, C. M. Monday, W. W. Cruise, Peyton Carter, Philip Sherrard, Alex. Leek, S. W. Kennedy, Eli Skaggs, James Mack, Geo. Weaver, W. Bird, Hazel Hill, Rufus Hall, Thos. McCammon, J. E. Cruze, J. B. Derieux and T. A. Smith.

\$500 Reward.

They cure all diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Nerves, Kidneys and Urinary Organs, and \$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for any thing impure or injurious found in them—Hog Bitters. Test it. See advertisement in another column.

MARKET REPORTS.

Wholesale Grain and Produce Market. KNOXVILLE, TENN., Dec. 9, 1879. A light advance in the wheat market. All offerings are readily taken at quotations. Corn readily taken at quotations. Oats also wanted. Old stock bacon exhausted. New lard and ready sale at quotations. Continued warm weather is unfavorable to slaughtering. With good weather hogs will command 40 cents. Field corn, Timothy \$2.50-\$3.00 per bushel. Hard grain, \$1.00-\$1.25. Blue grass, \$1.25. Orchard grass, \$2.00-\$2.25. Clover, \$1.00. Lard, new country, buying at 84c; selling at 74c; city rendered, 84c, to 86c.

WHEAT—Active; buying at \$1.15-\$1.25 for white and Lancaster; Fultz \$1.10-\$1.20 per bushel. New lard, 42c; 43c.

CORN—New 40c-\$2.00, loose, in car loads, 50c.

SORGHUM—In better demand; 25 to 30c.

OATS—New crop; byring, loose, 30c-\$2.00, selling, 40c to 42c.

POTATOES—Loose, scarce, 40c-\$1.00.

VEGETABLES—Loose, 15c-\$1.25 per bushel.

FRUIT—Apples firm, 5c to 6c per pound. Peaches, halves, 7c to 8c per bushel, 74c-\$1.

FLOR—Nominal; country extra, buying, \$2.50-\$2.75; selling, \$2.75-\$3.00; family buying \$3.00-\$3.25; selling, \$3.25-\$3.50 per sack.

FEATHERS—Prims, 45c-\$1.00; mixed, 30c.

EGGS—New country, 15c-\$1.00, 15c-\$1.00 to prime, 10c-\$1.

EGGS—Buying dull, 16c-\$1.00.

RAGS—Active, 14c-\$1.00.

BRASS—New crop, 15c-\$1.00.

SHRUBS—Scarc, 40c-\$1.00.

YELLOW SNAKE—50c.

PINK ROOT—30c.

MAY APPLE—20c.

TALLOW—50c.

TUTT'S PILLS

Symptoms of a TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Bowels constive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulderblade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of heaviness, Yellowing of the Skin, Headaches, generally over the right eye, Stiffness with distended veins, highly colored Urine. SERIOUS DISEASES WILL SOON BE DEVELOPED. TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

CONSTIPATION.

Only with regularity of the bowels can perfect health be enjoyed. If the constipation is of recent date, a single dose of TUTT'S PILLS will suffice, but if it has become habitual, one pill should be taken every night, gradually, until the frequency of the bowels is regular. Daily movement is obtained, which is a great benefit.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR on WHISKERS changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. It is a Natural Hair Color, and does not wash out. It is harmless as breathing water. Sold by Druggists, and Office 35 Murray Street, New York.

Wholesale Grocery Market.

KNOXVILLE, Dec. 9.

Coffee has gained a little during the week, and fair prospects of higher prices, owing to the terrible storms and damage to crops in Rio a few days ago.

Coffee. Town Talk. \$1.40. Rio-Good. 14c. Standard. 2.00. Prime. 17c. Standard. 2.00. Choice. 18c. Standard. 2.00. O. G. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Hope. 18c. Standard. 2.00.

Cotton. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Lard. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Sugar. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Flour. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Rice. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Beans. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Corn. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Potatoes. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Apples. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Peaches. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Plums. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Cherries. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Grapes. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Figs. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Dates. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Raisins. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Walnuts. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Almonds. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Pistachios. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Macadamia. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Brazil. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Cashew. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Pecan. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Hickory. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Chestnut. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Walnut. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Almond. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Peach. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Plum. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Cherry. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Grape. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Fig. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Date. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Raisin. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Walnut. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Almond. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Pistachio. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Macadamia. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Brazil. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Cashew. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Pecan. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Hickory. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Chestnut. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Walnut. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Almond. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Peach. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Plum. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Cherry. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Grape. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Fig. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Date. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Raisin. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Walnut. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Almond. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Pistachio. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Macadamia. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Brazil. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Cashew. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Pecan. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Hickory. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Chestnut. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Walnut. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Almond. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Peach. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Plum. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Cherry. 18c. Standard. 2.00. Grape. 18c